Great Home: History of maximum U-values in Building Regulations / Approved Documents

	The Bulding Regulations 1972	The Building Regulations 1976	The Building (Second Amendment) Regulations 1981	The Building Regulations 1991		The Building Regulations 1991		The Building Regulations 2000	The Building Regulations 2000		The Building Regulations 2000		The Building Regulations 2010		The Building Regulations 2010
Can be found in	Part F	Part F	Part F	Approved Document L		Approved Document L		Approved Document L1	Approved Document L1A		Approved Document L1A		Approved Document L1A		Approved Document L1A
Year available	1972	1976	1981	1992		1995		2002	2006		2010		2013		2016
Compliance by	U-value *	U-value *	U-value *	U-value		U-value		U-value	U-value		U-value		U-value		U-value
Or	Specification *	Specification *	Specification *												
Measured By	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum		Maximum		Maximum	Area Weighted	6	Limiting Fabric	٩	CNDS	10	CNDS
External Walls	1.7	1	0.6	0.45		0.45		0.35	0.35		0.3		0.18		0.18
Floors	1.42	1 1	0.6	0.45		0.45		0.25	0.25		0.25		0.13		0.13
Roof	1.42	0.6	0.35	0.25		0.25	5	0.25	0.25		0.2		0.13		0.13
Windows	N/a	5.7	5.7	³ 5.7	4	3.3	5	2.2	2.2		2		1.4		1.4
Doors	N/a	5.7	5.7	5.7	4	3.3	5	2.2	2.2		2.2		1.4		1.4
TER measured by ⁷		_							SAP 2005	7	SAP2009		SAP2012		SAP2012
Pressure testing									10	8	10		5		5

^{*} Regulation can be deemed to be satisfied if constructed in line with a specification provided in schedule 11 which lists specific build details/materials

- 1. Applies to suspended floors only.
- 2. No value provided.
- 3. Depends on ratio of window/door to wall area being less than 12%. If greater then this can be compensated by switching some windows to double/triple glazed
- 4: Ratio of window/door/rooflight to wall area not to exceed 15% if single glazing to be used
- 5. To achieve an SAP of over 60
- 6: The concept of an area weighted average U-value was introduced. Eg part of an external wall could have a higher U-value value, provided the average was met overall
- 7: A Target CO2 Emissions Rate (TER) is calculated using SAP (Standard Assessment Procedure) for energy rating of dwellings for a notional building. The designed building's DER (Dwelling CO2 Emission Rate) must be lower than the TER. Use of individual maximum U-values will cause a fail.
- 8: Reasonable limit for the design air permeability in m3/h.m2 at 50 Pa

9: The concept of Limiting Fabric parameters was introduced, which specified a maximum U-value for each element. However use of all these maximum permissable values would result in a failure to meet TER 10: CNDS (Concurrent Notional Dwelling Specification). This is a collection of U-values which together should enable the dwelling to meet the TER calculated by SAP2012. The Limiting fabric figures remained unchanged from 2010

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